

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR PROFESSIONAL and/or INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY EPIKOTE™ Resin MGS RIMR 035c

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : EPIKOTE™ Resin MGS RIMR 035c

SDS Number : BAK0000399

Product type : Resin

Other means of identification : UFI: PP2S-10NU-100Y-T7AT

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Not applicable.

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier/Importer: Westlake Epoxy B.V.

Seattleweg 17

3195 ND Pernis - Rotterdam

The Netherlands

Contact person : epoxyservice@westlake.com

Telephone : General information

+31 (0) 10 295 4011

1.4

Emergency telephone number

 Supplier
 : CARECHEM24

 Telephone number
 : +44 (0) 1235 239 670

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

(!)

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Avoid breathing vapor.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Collect spillage.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists:

Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

Supplemental label elements • Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Туре
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]pro pane	RRN: 01- 2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	>= 50 - <= 75	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >= 5 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >= 5 %	[1]
isomers	RRN : 01- 2119454392-40 EC : 701-263-0	>= 10 - <= 25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	RRN: 01- 2119485289-22 EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2 Index: 603-103-00-4		Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

Inhalation

Skin contact

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the Eye contact upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

> Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has

been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first aid personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or

drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information : Not available

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available **Industrial sector specific** : Not available

solutions

: Not available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known. Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General

requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredie	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
nt name		1			
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Short term	8.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe		Dermal	bw/day		
nyl]propane					
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Short term	12.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe		Inhalation			
nyl]propane					
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Long term	8.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe		Dermal	bw/day		
nyl]propane					
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Long term	12.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe		Inhalation			
nyl]propane					
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Short term	3.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe		Dermal	bw/day	population	~, ~
nyl]propane		20111111	5 au	Population	
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Short term	0.75 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe	DIVEE	Inhalation	0.75 mg m	population	Systemic
nyl]propane		Immunuton		population	
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Short term	0.75 mg/kg	General	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe	DIVEE	Oral	bw/day	population	Bysteine
nyl]propane		Oran	ow/day	population	
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Long term	3.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe	DNEL	Dermal	bw/day	population	Systemic
nyl]propane		Dermai	Uw/day	population	
bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	Long term	0.75 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe	DNEL	Inhalation	0.75 mg/m²		Systemic
		Illiaiauoii		population	
nyl]propane bis-[4-(2,3-	DNEL	I on a town	0.75 ma/lsa	General	Crystomia
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/kg		Systemic
epoxipropoxi)phe		Orai	bw/day	population	
nyl]propane	DNEI	C1	0.2	Workers	T 1
Bisphenol F	DNEL	Short term	8.3 μg/cm ²	workers	Local
diglycidyl ether,		Dermal			
reaction mass of					
isomers	DAIDI	T .	10417 /	337 1	G
Bisphenol F	DNEL	Long term	104.15 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
diglycidyl ether,		Dermal	bw/day		
reaction mass of					
isomers	DATE	T .	20.20 / 2	337 1	G
Bisphenol F	DNEL	Long term	29.39 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
diglycidyl ether,		Inhalation			
reaction mass of					
isomers	D) III -	-			
Bisphenol F	DNEL	Long term	62.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
diglycidyl ether,		Dermal	bw/day	population	
reaction mass of					
isomers					
Bisphenol F	DNEL	Long term	8.7 mg/m^3	General	Systemic
diglycidyl ether,		Inhalation		population	
reaction mass of					
isomers					

Bisphenol F	DNEL	Long term	6.25 mg/kg	General	Systemic
diglycidyl ether,		Oral	bw/day	population	
reaction mass of					
isomers					
oxirane,	DNEL	Long term	3.6 mg/m^3	Workers	Systemic
mono[(C12-14-		Inhalation			
alkyloxy)methyl]					
derivs.					
oxirane,	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m^3	General	Systemic
mono[(C12-14-		Inhalation		population	
alkyloxy)methyl]					
derivs.					
oxirane,	DNEL	Long term	1.0 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
mono[(C12-14-		Dermal	bw/day		
alkyloxy)methyl]					
derivs.					
oxirane,	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
mono[(C12-14-		Dermal	bw/day	population	
alkyloxy)methyl]					
derivs.					
oxirane,	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
mono[(C12-14-		Oral	bw/day	population	
alkyloxy)methyl]					
derivs.					

DNEL/DMEL Summary

Not available

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Fresh water	6 μg/l	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane				
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Marine	1 μg/l	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane				
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane				
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.341 mg/kg dw	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane	71776		0.004	
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.034 mg/kg dw	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane	DIFFC	g ''	0.06%	
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Soil	0.065 mg/kg dw	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
Displaced Ediplosided	PNEC	Enach mater	0.002 = /1	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Fresh water	0.003 mg/l	
ether, reaction mass of isomers				
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Marine	0.0003 mg/l	
ether, reaction mass of	TNEC	Warme	0.0003 mg/1	
isomers				
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	
ether, reaction mass of	THEC	Sewage Heatment Flant	10 111g/1	
isomers				
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.294 mg/kg dw	
ether, reaction mass of	TILL	110511 water seamfelf	0.2) Ting/kg uw	
isomers				
150111013				

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.0294 mg/kg dv
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Soil	0.237 mg/kg dw
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Intermittent Releases	0.0254 mg/l
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	PNEC	Fresh water	0.0072 mg/l
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	PNEC	Marine	0.72 μg/l
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	307.16 mg/kg dv
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	PNEC	Marine water sediment	30.716 mg/kg dv
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	PNEC	Soil	61.42 mg/kg dw

PNEC Summary : Not available

Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) and Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's)

Explanatory note:

REACH requires manufacturers and importers to establish and report 'Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) for humans by inhalation, ingestion and dermal routes of exposure and 'Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's) for environmental exposure. DNEL's and PNEC's are established by the registrant without an official consultation process, and are not intended to be directly used for setting workplace or general population exposure limits. They are primarily used as input values in running Quantitative Risk Assessment models (like the ECETOC-TRA model).

Due to differences in calculation methodology the DNEL will tend to be lower (sometimes significantly) than any corresponding health-based OEL for that chemical substance. Further although DNEL's (and PNEC's) are an indication for setting risk reduction measures, it should be recognized that these limits do not have the same regulatory application as officially endorsed governmental OEL's.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the

assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Material: 730 Camatril

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Material: 898 Butoject

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Producer: This recommendation is valid only for our Product as delivered. If this product will be mixed with other substances you need to contact a supplier of CE approved protective gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Tel. 0049 (0) 6659 87300, Fax.

0049 (0) 6659 87155, email: vertrieb@kcl.de).

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

General protective measures

Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Chemical-resistant gloves. Suitable protective footwear. Light protective clothing. Eyewash bottle with clean water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid Color : Yellowish.

Odor : characteristic.

Odor threshold:Not available (not measured)pH:Not available (not measured)Melting point/freezing point:Not available (not measured)

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Initial boiling point and boiling

range Flash point

Greater than 150 °C

Evaporation rate

Greater than 200 °C

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits Vapor pressure Lower: Not available (not measured)

Not available (not measured)

Upper: Not available (not measured)

Less than 0.1 hPa

Vapor density Relative density

Density

Not available (not measured) Not available (not measured)

Approx. 1.13 g/cm3

Solubility(ies) Not available (not measured)

Solubility in water Partial

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available (not measured) **Decomposition temperature** Not available (not measured)

Dynamic: Approx. 1,250 mPa·s @ 25 °C Viscosity

Kinematic: Not available (not measured)

Explosive properties Not available (not measured) **Oxidizing properties** Not available (not measured)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
--------------------------------	---------	------	----------

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Oral:	Not acutely toxic	in multiple mouse an	d rat studies, LD50 >	2000 mg/kg of	
	body weight.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Inhalation:	Due to the very lo	w vapor pressure, sa	turated atmosphere =	0.008 ppb,	
	meaningful acute	inhalation studies co	uld not be conducted.		
Remarks - Dermal:			al LD50 was $> 2000 \text{ r}$		
			vas > 2000 mg/kg. O	ne rabbit study	
	reported an LD50	value of 23 grams/kg	g.		
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, r	eaction mass of ison	mers	_		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Oral:	The acute oral me	edian lethal dose (LD	50) in the Fischer 344	strain rat was	
	found to be greate	er than 2000 mg/kg b	odyweight.		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Inhalation:			I, the acute inhalation	•	
			al studies are availabl	e for this substance.	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkylo					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17,100 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	26,800 mg/kg	-	
_	LD50 Oral	Rat	17,100 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 4,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 4,000 mg/kg	=	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan e	11,400 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17,100 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-	Skin -	Rabbit	1.5 - 2		-
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Erythema/Eschar				
	404 Acute Dermal				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Skin - Edema 404	Rabbit	1.0 - 1.5		-
	Acute Dermal				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	eyes 405 Acute	Rabbit	0		-
	Eye				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	eyes - Redness of	Rabbit	0.7		-
	the conjunctivae				

	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		=
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	Skin - Erythema/Eschar 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0.7	4 hrs	72 hrs
	Skin - Edema 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0	4 hrs	4 - 504 hrs
	eyes - Cornea opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	eyes - Iris lesion 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) OTS 798.4470 Acute Dermal Irritation	Rabbit	4.1	24 hrs	72 hrs
	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	5.75	24 hrs	72 hrs
	eyes - Cornea opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	2		1 - 24 hrs
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableeyes: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
bis-[4-(2,3-	Skin	See Remarks	Sensitizing		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan					
e					
Remarks:	In an OECD No. 429 mouse LLNA study the estimated EC3 was a				
	concentration of 5.7% suggesting that BADGE is a moderate skin sensitizer in				
	this test system. In an OECD No. 406 guinea pig Maximization study BADGE				
	induced positive dermal re	eaction in 100% of the test a	nimals at a 50%		

	concentration challenge dose. Therefore, BADGE is an "Extreme" skin sensitizer under the conditions of this study. BADGE was also positive for skin sensitization in an OECD No. 406 guinea pig Buehler method study.						
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,		Skin Guinea pig Sensitizing					
	SKIII	Guinea pig	Sensitizing				
reaction mass of isomers							
Remarks:	The Buehler method was employed to evaluate the dermal sensitization potential of Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy Resin. Ten male guinea pigs received 0.4 ml of test substance topically once a week for three weeks. A positive control of Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy Resin was used on ten additional animals. The challenge phase began two weeks later with an addition 5 animals exposed to 0.4 ml of Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy Resin. The negative control had 0 positive reactions; the Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy Resin had 4 of 10 with positive reactions and the positive control had 8 of ten positive reactions. Under the conditions of this study, the test material caused delayed hypersensitivity in guinea pigs.						
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing				
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.		r-o	~				
Remarks:	Sensitizing in a U.S. E.P.A. OTS test guideline no. 870.2600 Buehler method study demonstrating positive dermal reactions in 20/20 guinea pigs. An extreme sensitizer in an O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 406 guinea pig Maximization study.						
	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing OECD Test Guideline 406				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result		
bis-[4-(2,3-	-	Subject: See Remarks	Positive		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan					
e					
Remarks:		ation in Ames/Salmonella tes			
		Generally, mutagenic activit			
		on. Induced gene-mutation in			
		gene-mutation and chromosor			
		d cell transformation in Syria	n hamster BHK cells		
	based on clonal growth in s		T .		
	-	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative		
		Animal			
Remarks:	Did not induce evidence of chromosome damage in a mouse dominant lethal				
Kemarks.	oral gavage study conducted up to a high dose level of 10 grams/kg and in a				
		mouse micronucleus test conducted up to a high dose of 5000 mg/kg. Negative			
		in a male mouse spermatocyte cytogenetic assay with treatment for 5 days by oral gavage up to a high dose of 3000 mg/kg. Did not induce an increase in the			
	frequency of chromosome damage in a Chinese hamster bone marrow				
	cytogenetic test by oral gavage up to a high dose of 3300 mg/kg. Failed to				
	induce an increase of DNA strand breaks in rat liver cells following oral gavage				
	treatment with 500 mg/kg as measured by alkaline elution.				
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	-	Subject: See Remarks	Positive		
reaction mass of isomers		Experiment: In vitro			
Remarks:		er induced gene-mutation in t			
		omal aberrations in human lyi			
	independent testing guideline GLP studies. Furthermore, the structural analog,				
		er (BPADGE) induce a signif			
		Y mouse lymphoma cells in			
	other findings. Therefore, I	SPFDGE is genotoxic in vitro			
	-	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative		
		Animal			

		E	T			
	Wil D. 1 1ED. 1 .	Experiment: In vivo				
Remarks:		dylether was evaluated for ge				
		s including the mouse micro				
		tests no evidence of genotox				
	results of other in vivo tests for genotoxicity also supported these negative					
	findings for BPFDGE. Therefore, Bisphenol F Diglycidylether is not genotoxic					
	in vivo.					
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	OECD-Guideline 471	Subject: Bacteria	Positive			
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	(Genetic Toxicology:	Experiment: In vitro				
	Salmonella typhimurium,					
	Reverse Mutation Assay)					
Remarks:		t guideline no. 471 bacterial i				
	Salmonella tester strain TA1535 with and without S9 metabolic activation.					
	Negative in an O.E.C.D. te	Negative in an O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 476 Chinese hamster ovary cell				
	(CHO) HGPRT gene-mutat	(CHO) HGPRT gene-mutation assay conducted up to cytotoxic does levels with				
	and without S9 metabolic activation. Negative in a L5178Y mouse lymphoma					
	cell TK gene-mutation assay tested up to cytotoxic dose levels.					
	474 Mammalian					
	Erythrocyte	Animal				
	Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo				
Remarks:	Negative for micronucleus (chromosome damage) induction in an O.E.C.D. test					
	guideline no. 474 mouse str	udy conducted up to a high I.	P. injection dose of 4.0			
	grams/kg. Negative in a rat bone marrow chromosome aberration study					
	conducted in a manner similar to O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 475 by I.P.					
		of approximately 700 mg/kg.				
	476 In vitro Mammalian	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative			
	Cell Gene Mutation Test	Animal				
		Experiment: In vitro				
	479 Genetic Toxicology:	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative			
	In vitro Sister Chromatid	Animal	_			
	Exchange Assay in	Experiment: In vitro				
	Mammalian Cells					
	475 Mammalian Bone	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative			
	Marrow Chromosomal	Animal				
		Experiment: In vitro				
	In vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells 475 Mammalian Bone	Animal Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-	Negative Negative			

Conclusion/Summary

Not available

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-	Negative -	See Remarks			
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan	Unreported -				
e	NOEL				
Remarks:	In a rat oral gavage	OECD no. 453 stud	y there was no evider	nce of	
	carcinogenicity up	to the high dose leve	l of 100 mg/kg/day.	OECD Test	
	Guideline no. 453 d	dermal exposure stud	ies were conducted of	on male mice and	
	female rats. No ev	idence of carcinogen	icity was observed in	male mice treated	
	up to the high dose of 100 mg/kg/day and female rats exposed up to a high dose				
	level of 1000 mg/k	g/day.			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Negative -	Mouse			
reaction mass of isomers	Dermal - NOEL				
Remarks:	Bisphenol F Diglycidylether (BPFDGE) was evaluated for the potential to				
	induce local and systemic tumors in a mouse skin-painting 24 month study.				
	Dermal treatment of mice twice a week with up to a 10% solution of Bisphenol				
	F Diglycidylether (BPFDGE) did not induce any adverse findings of tumor				
	incidence or local dermal effects. Therefore, BPFDGE is not a mouse				
	carcinogen under the conditions of this study. The NOAEL was estimated to be				
	approximately 800	mg/kg/day.			

Conclusion/Summary

Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
bis-[4-(2,3-	Negative - Oral	Rabbit	-	-		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan						
e						
Remarks:			development toxicity			
	exposed by oral gavage or in rabbits treated by the dermal route in OECD Test					
		Guideline no. 414 GLP studies. The oral gavage studies were conducted up to a				
			roduced maternal tox			
			dermal study was co			
		g/kg/day that induced	d maternal toxicity ba	ased on reduced		
D: 1 15 !! 1 !!!	body weight gain.		T			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	Negative -	Rabbit	-	-		
ether, reaction mass of	Dermal					
isomers	D: 1 :11 1 0	1: 1 14 (DCED	DA) 1 C	1 (6 : 1		
Remarks:			PA) was tested for its			
			abbits. DGEBPA was			
	the backs (clipped free of hair) of New Zealand White rabbits at dose levels of 0					
	(polyethylene glycol, vehicle control), 30, 100 or 300 mg/kg body weight/day at					
		a dose volume of 1 ml/kg body weight/day on days 6 through 18 of gestation. Twenty six inseminated rabbits were used per dose group resulting in a				
	_	minimum of 20 pregnant rabbits per exposure level. An occlusive bandage of absorbent gauze and non-absorbent cotton was placed over the dosing area on				
	the back of each rabbit. The bandage was held in place for a minimum of 6					
		hours/day using a lycra/spandex jacket. Following the occlusion period the				
	bandage and jacket were removed.					
	Maternal toxicity was observed among pregnant rabbits in the 300 mg/kg dose					
			re erythema, fissures.			
			ır, but less severe skii			
			mg/kg/day exposure g			
			abbits in the 30 mg/k			
	were not considered	d toxicicologically si	gnificant. No evidenc	ce of embryo/fetal		
			at any dose level resu			
		served-effect level of	f 300 mg/kg body we	ight/day.		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	Negative -	Rat	-	-		
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Dermal OECD					
	Test Guideline					
	414			<u> </u>		
Remarks:			E.C.D. test guideline			
			by the dermal route			
			mental adverse effects	s was greater than		
Conclusion/Summery	the high dose level					

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on likely routes of

Not available

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eve contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	NOAEL Dermal	Rat	1 mg/kg/d	90 days Repeated
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			Repeated dose	dose; 5 days per
			411 Subchronic	week Repeated
			Dermal Toxicity:	dose
			90-day Study	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties : Not available **11.2.2 Other information** : Not available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure			
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phen	bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane					
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l - 203	Fish	96 h			
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test					
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l 203	Fish	96 h			
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test					

	Acute EC50 2.1 mg/l - 202	Water flea	48 h
	Daphnia sp. Acute		
	Immobilization Test and		
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute LC50 > 11 mg/l -	Algae	72 h
	Acute LC50 > 11 mg/l	Algae	72 h
	Chronic No-observable-effect-	Water flea	21 d
	concentration 0.3 mg/l semi-		
	static test 211 Daphnia Magna		
	Reproduction Test		
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ethe			T
	Acute LC50 2.54 mg/l -	Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 2.54 mg/l	Fish	96 h
	Acute EC50 2.55 mg/l - 202	Water flea	48 h
	Daphnia sp. Acute		
	Immobilization Test and		
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute $EC50 > 1,000 \text{ mg/l} - 201$	Algae	72 h
	Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
	Acute EC50 $> 1,000 \text{ mg/l} 201$	Algae	72 h
	Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alk			
	Acute LC50 > $1.8 \text{ g/l} - 203$	Rainbow trout, donaldson	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	trout	
	Acute LC50 $> 5.0 \text{ g/l} - 203$	Bluegill	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test		
	Acute LC50 $> 100.0 \text{ mg/l} - 203$	Rainbow trout,donaldson	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	trout	
	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l - 202	Water flea	48 h
	Daphnia sp. Acute		
	Immobilization Test and		
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute EC50 844 mg/l - 201	Algae	72 h
	Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
	Acute EC50 844 mg/l 201	Algae	72 h
	Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
	Acute EC50 > 100 mg/l Fresh	activated sludge, domestic	3 h
	water OECD-Guideline No.	(adaptation not specified)	
	209		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
bis-[4-(2,3-	OECD-Guideline	6 - 12 % - No	-	Activated sludge
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan	301 F	biodegradation -		
e	(Manometric	28 d		
	Respirometry			
	Test)			
Remarks:	The level of biodegradation in an "enhanced" OECD 301F study was 5% within			
	the 28 day contact j	period. Biodegradati	on reached 6 - 12 %	after 28 days of
	contact in an OECI	D test guideline no. 3	01B study. Therefor	e, BADGE is not
	readily biodegradal	ole under the condition	ons of the studies.	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	OECD-Guideline	16 % - No	10 mg/l	Activated sludge
reaction mass of isomers	301 B (CO2	biodegradation -		
	Evolution Test)	28 d		
Remarks:	Bisphenol F Diglyo	cidylether was not rea	adily biodegradable u	nder the conditions

	of the O.E.C.D. 301 B and 301 D screening studies. The maximum percent biodegradation observed in one of the O.E.C.D. 301 B studies was 16% for 10 mg/L at 28 days of contact.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	OECD-Guideline 301 F (Manometric Respirometry Test)	87 % - Readily biodegradable - 28 d	-	Activated sludge

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bis-[4-(2,3-	2.64 - 3.78	3 - 31 31.00	low
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	3.3	150 150.00	low
reaction mass of isomers			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	3.77	160 - 263 160.00	low
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available

(KOC)

Mobility : Not available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties : Not available

12.7 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the

requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Regulatory information	14.1. UN number	14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	14.4. Packing group
ADR/ADN	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
RID	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
ICAO/IATA	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
IMO/IMDG	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous and/or Marine Pollutant



14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Yes.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization **Annex XIV**

None required.

Substances of very high concern

None required.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

REACH Status

: The substance(s) in this product has (have) been Registered, or are exempted from registration, according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

None required.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
E2	

National regulations

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
E2	

Hazard class for water

Technical instruction on air quality control

AOX

: WGK 2

TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 72 %

TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: Class I - 17 %

: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute

to the AOX value in waste water.

International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand inventory Not determined. Vietnam inventory Not determined.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

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Notice to reader

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 EPIKOTETM Resin MGS RIMR 035c Page: 23/23